

Budapest Must See Highlights

If you have just 1 or 2 days to stay in the city choose programs or attractions from this selection and you will be satisfied.



- 1. Heroes Square**
Hősök tere
- 2. Parliament**
Kossuth Lajos tér 1.
- 3. The Royal Palace**
Castle Hill
- 4. Fisherman's Bastion**
Szentháromság square 5.
- 5. Szechenyi Thermal Bath**
Allatkerti körút 11.
- 6. Gellert Hill**
Gellért Hill
- 7. Chain Bridge**
Chain Bridge
- 8. Central Market Hall**
Vámház körút 1



4-6 tram



Underground subway **Line 2**



Underground subway **Line 1**



Underground subway **Line 3**

1 Heroes Square

This square is found in the heart of Budapest, next to the popular City Park and at the end of Andrássy Avenue. Heroes Square is the proud home of the massive historic Millennium Monument, and its presence makes this Budapest square certainly one of the most historic in the capital and one of the city's important attractions.



2 Parliament

Construction and design The Parliament was built between 1885 and 1902, at the time the largest parliamentary building in the world. The building has a length of 268 meters and is 118 meters wide. The parliament house contains more than 20 km staircase, and 691 rooms. The elegant dome has a height of 69 meters. The main style of the building is neo-gothic with renaissance influences, but the base ground plan is Baroque. A strong Byzantine influence is noticeable in the interior of the building, especially in the marvellously decorated staircase hall.



3 The Royal Palace

The site is clearly historically significant, with centuries of history bottled up in its walls. It's also architecturally interesting, a composite of many styles. Furthermore, the palace is not simply to be looked at. There are additional points of interest inside—a national library, art museum, and history museum cater to the wide-ranging interests of visitors. To top it all off, the view from the Hungarian Palace is truly splendid.



4 The Fisherman's Bastion

The white-stoned construction was built between 1895 and 1902. Fisherman's Bastion was constructed in a combination of the neo-Gothic and neo-Romanesque styles, meaning it has plenty of ramparts, parapets, stairways, and turrets, and appears almost like something out of a fairy tale. The structure has seven towers that symbolize the seven Magyar tribes that came to Hungary in 896.



5 Szechenyi Thermal Bath

One of the largest spas in Europe with 18 pools, it is well worth a visit. Open even in winter. Szechenyi thermal Baths is part of a tradition of baths that started during Turkish occupation of the area 600 years ago. It is very affordable, admission includes access to a fitness room plus all of the indoor pools and outdoor pools, saunas and steam baths.



6 Gellert Hill

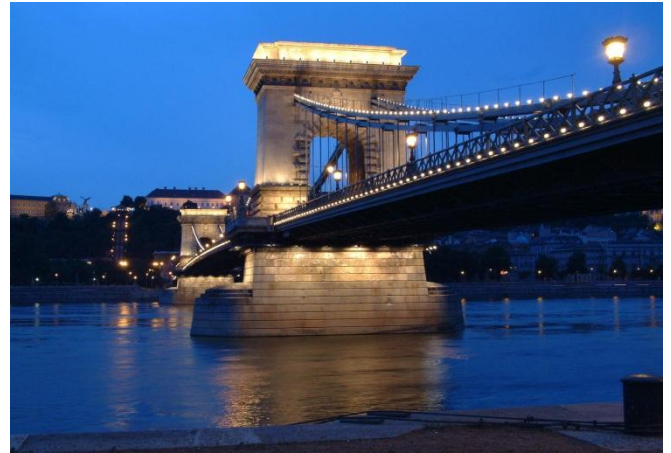
Gellert Hill is a major attraction in Budapest, the capital city of Hungary, and a must-see on your Hungarian holiday. Gellert Hill is a 230 meters hill named Gellert who was a Roman Catholic bishop killed by pagan Hungarians in 1046 by being thrown down the hill. From visiting the citadel to the nearby Liberation Monument to the Gellert Hill Cave and the Gellert Baths, there are many attractions at Gellert Hill and beautiful panoramic views of the whole city.



7 Chain Bridge

Official Name Szechenyi Chain Bridge named after Istvan Szechenyi, a major supporter of its construction, attached to it, but is most commonly known as the Chain Bridge.

The first connection between Pest and Buda was made by the Chain Bridge or Szechenyi Chain Bridge, named after count Szechenyi, who took the initiative to build the bridge. In 1836 he gave the project to William Tierney Clark and Adam Clark.



8 Central Market Hall

One of the largest market halls in Europe Today the market teems with all kinds of fresh produce, meat, cheese, grocery, flowers and Hungarian specialties. The mezzanine level houses folk-art booths and snack bars. In the basement level there are fishmongers, pickles, a grocery store.

